Description

D24ExxM15BP DC/DC has converter input voltage range 9V ~ 40V, output power of 15W, with operating temperature range of -55℃ ~ +105℃. It adopts PCB surface mount technology and is encapsulated with metal case with potting. The weight of the product is about 12g, the input and output are isolated. It is applied the DC power supply systems to realize the isolated voltage conversion function. The module has the following characteristics.

Product Features

1. Enable control function
2. Fixed switching frequency
3. Input undervoltage protection
4. Withstands 50V surge voltage
5. SCP/OCP features
6. Package: 1" × 0.5"
7. Comply with MIL-STD1275E

RoHS CE 3 years Warranty

1.Selection Guide

Product Model	Output Power (W)	Nominal Output voltage/Current	Efficiency (@24VDC, %/Typ.)	Max. Capacitive Load (μF)
D24E05M15BP	15	5V/3.0A	84	1000
D24E12M15BP	15	12V/1.25A	86	470
D24E15M15BP	15	15V/1.0A	85	470
D24E24M15BP	15	24V/0.625A	88	220
D24E28M15BP	15	28V/0.535A	84	220
D24E15DM15BP	15	±15V/0.5A	86	220

2.Environmental Specifications

Item	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Operating temperature	-55	25	105	℃	Baseplate temperature
Storage temperature	-55	25	125	℃	
Relative humidity	-	-	95	%	non-condensing
Pin Soldering Resistance Temperature	-	-	300	℃	Soldering time shall not exceed 10 seconds

3.Electrical Specifications

Input Specifications		Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Input voltage range		Iout=0～100%Io	9	-	40	V
Surge Voltage		50ms	-0.7	-	50	
Input undervoltage protection	Starting voltage	Iout=0～100%Io	-	-	8.8	
	Turn-off voltage		6.0	-	-	
Enable control voltage[a] (positive logic)	Starting voltage	Ctrl to high or floating	3.5	-	12.0	
	Turn-off voltage	Ctrl to low or ground	0	-	0.7	
No-load power consumption		Vin=9V～40V,no-load	-	-	1	W
Temperature coefficient		Full load	-	-	0.02	%℃

Output Specifications		Condition		Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Output voltage		Vin=9V～40V full load		-	-	±2	%Vo
Output current		Vin=9V～40V		Refer to Selection Guide			A
Linear Regulation		Vin=9V～40V full load		-	-	±1	%
Current regulation		Vin=24V No-load→full load		-	-	±1	%
Ripple & Noise		Full load,BW=20MHz Output external 1μF ceramic capacitor and 10μF ceramic capacitor	05V	-	-	100	mV
			12V	-	-	120	
			15V	-	-	120	
			24V	-	-	150	
			28V	-	-	150	
			±15V	-	-	150	
Over-voltage Protection[bc]		Vin=9V～40V Iout=0～100%Io		110	-	170	%Vo
Over-current Protection		Hiccup mode		110	-	190	%Io
Over-temperature protection		Housing operating temperature		-	110	-	%℃
Efficiency		Vin=24V full load		Refer to Selection Guide			%
Trim		Guaranteed when output is down Iout≤100%Io Guaranteed when output is up Po≤15W		90	-	110	%Vo
Load dynamic response	Overshoot	Iout:50%load→75%load→50%load 25%load→50%load→25%load di/dt=0.1A/us		-	-	±5	%Vo
	Recovery time[d]			-	-	500	μs
Start delay time[e]		Vin=0V→24V full load Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 10%		-	10	20	ms
Output rise time		Vout rises from 10% to 90% full load		-	10	20	ms
Starting overshoot		Vin=9V～40V full load		-	-	3	%
Capacitive load[f]		Purely resistive load test,low ESR capacitor,full load		Refer to Selection Guide			μF
Short circuit protection		Hiccup mode		Automatic recovery after fault removal			

a) When the Ctrl pin is connected to high level (3.5V ~ 12V) or left floating, the product operates normally. When it is connected to a low level (0V ~ 0.7V), the product has no output.
b) The overvoltage protection mode is constant voltage. After the overvoltage protection is released, the output voltage test result meets the electrical characteristic requirements.
c) This parameter is ensured by design and shall only be tested during qualification and when design or process changes occur.
d) Recovery time refers to the time from the beginning of the transition until the output voltage returns to the corresponding stable value within ± 2%.
e) The start-up delay time can be calculated either from the power supply's transition or from the time when the ctrl terminal is connected to a low level, until the output voltage rises to 10% Vout.
f) Capacitive loads do not affect the DC parameters.
Note: The above specification parameter test circuit refers to the typical application 4.2 and 4.3.

General Specifications		Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Insulation resistance[g]		Add 500VDC between input and output, between input and shell, between output and shell for 10s	100	-	-	MΩ
Isolation voltage[gh]	Input-Output	t=1min set the leakage current to 1mA	1500	-	-	VDC
	Input-Housing		1500	-	-	
	Output-Housing		500	-	-	

g) The input leads are pins 1, 2 and 3, and the output leads are pins 4, 5, 6. During the test, the input leads need to be shorted together, and the output leads need to be shorted together;
h) Judgment criteria: the module shall be free of breakdown and arcing.

Physical characteristics	
Dimension	25.40*12.70*10.80mm
Weight	12g±3g（Type）
Cooling Method	Conduction Heat Dissipation

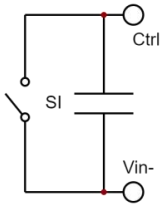
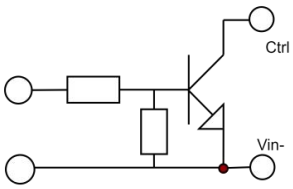
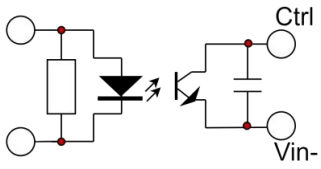
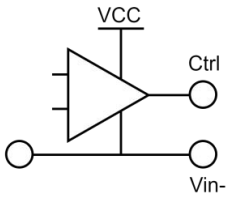
4.Typical Applications

4.1 Enable Control

The function of the positive and negative enable logic is as follows:

For positive logic enable, the module works normally when the control pin is connected to high level or floating, and is turned off when grounded or low level. For negative logic enable, the module works normally when the control pin is grounded or at low level, and is turned off when connected to high level or floating;

The enable pin of this model is positive logic. When the enable pin is left floating (or connected to high level), the product has output. When not in use, the enable pin can be left floating; when using the enable pin, the product has no output when the enable pin is connected to the input ground (or connected to low level) by means of a switch, etc.

Switching mode	Triode control mode	Optocoupler isolation control mode	Logic gate control mode
			

4.2 Application Diagram

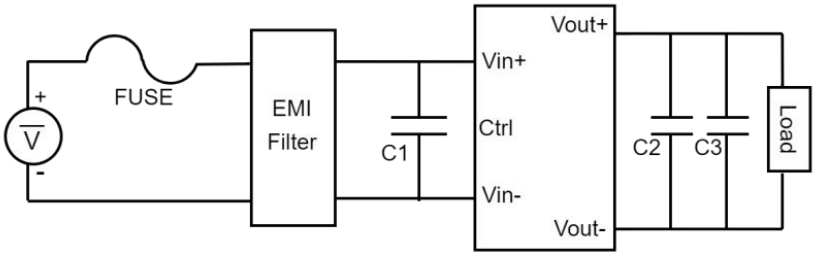


Fig. 1 Application

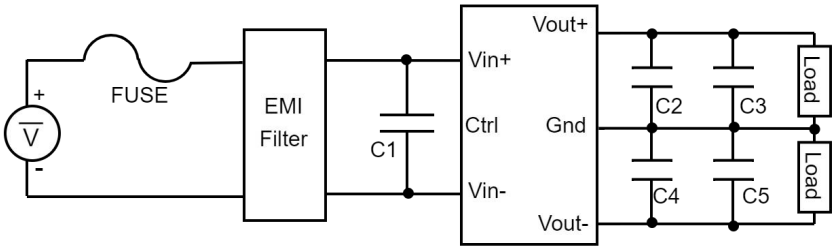


Fig. 2 Dual-output wiring application diagram

Fig. 1,2 shows the typical application connection method of the module. The input terminals of the module power supply will have significant differences due to the length of the input source leads. In order to prevent input oscillation caused by excessively long input lines, it is recommended to add input capacitors near the input pins of the module. Similarly, an output capacitor should be added at the output end of the module:

Recommend parameters							
C1	Input capacitance,47–100μF ceramic capacitor						
C2、C4	Electrolytic capacitors with capacitance values shown in the table below for the output capacitor						
	Output voltage（V）	5	12	15	24	28	±15

	Value selection for C2（μF）	100	68	47	47	47	47
C3、C5	Output capacitor: 1μF ceramic capacitor						
The above parameters can be adjusted according to the actual system application requirements, select the appropriate parameter values.							

4.3 Output Ripple Voltage Test Diagram

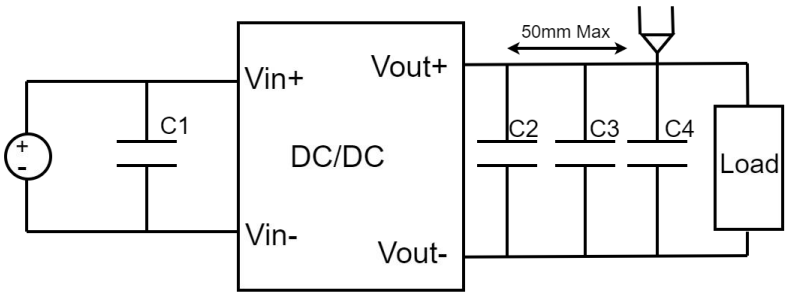


Fig.3 Schematic diagram of output ripple voltage

Ripple measurement is generally measured under the condition of rated input and output, the oscilloscope bandwidth is set to 20MHz, and the oscilloscope probe with the ground clamp removed is used to measure at a distance of about 3~5cm from the output end.

Note: The oscilloscope uses a bandwidth of 20MHz.

Recommend parameters							
C1	Requires mounting close to the input pins of the module, recommend 47 μF solid state capacitors						
C2	Ceramic capacitors with the capacitance values listed in the table below, which are required to be installed close to the output pins of the module to better reduce the output ripple voltage and improve the output characteristics of the product in high and low temperature environments.						
	Output voltage（V）	5	12	15	24	28	±15
	Value selection for C2（μF）	100	68	47	47	47	47
C3	1μF ceramic capacitor						
C4	10μF tantalum capacitor or ceramic capacitor						

4.4 Trim Function Application Note

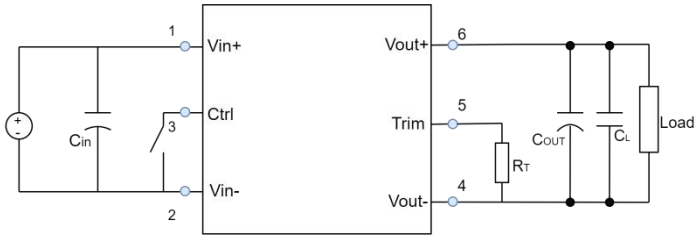


Fig 4: Functional application diagram of Trim

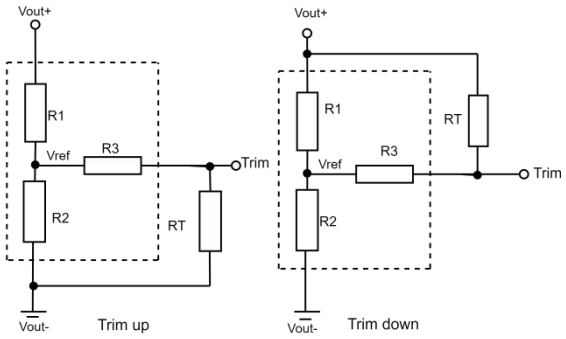


Fig.5 Trim circuit (dashed box is inside the product)

Trim resistance calculation formula:

$$up: R_T = \frac{aR2}{R2-a} - R3 \qquad a = \frac{Vref}{Vo'-Vref} \cdot R_1$$

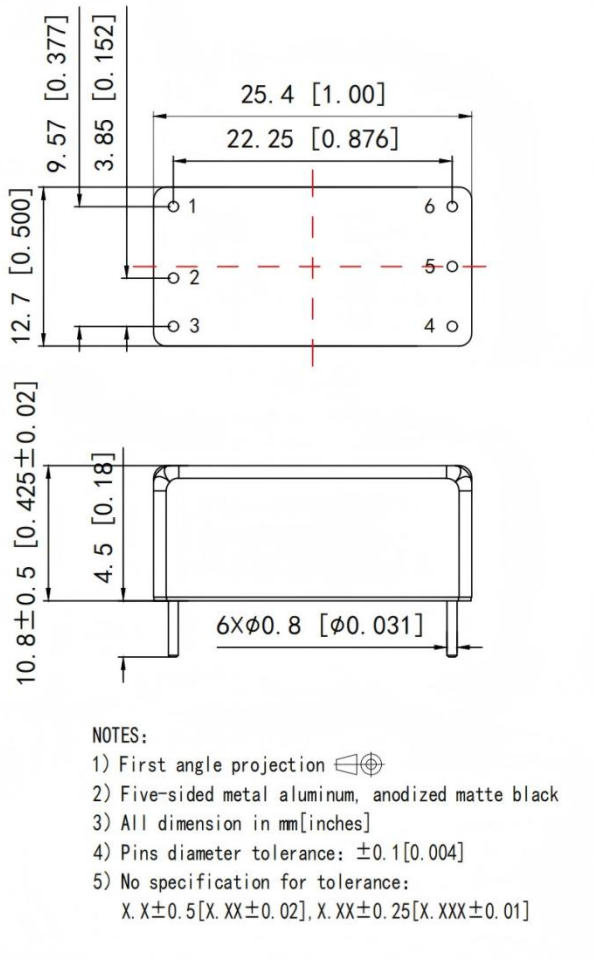
$$down: R_T = \frac{aR_1}{R_1-a} - R_3 \qquad a = \frac{Vo'-Vref}{Vref} \cdot R_2$$

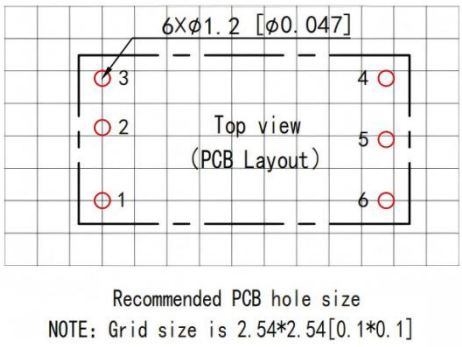
RT is Trim resistance

a is a custom parameter and has no actual meaning.

Model	R1(kΩ)	R2(kΩ)	R3(kΩ)	Vref(V)
D24E05M15BP	7.48	2.49	4.3	1.25
D24E12M15BP	9.49	2.49	4.3	2.5
D24E15M15BP	12.49	2.49	4.3	2.5
D24E24M15BP	21.5	2.49	4.3	2.5
D24E28M15BP	21.5	2.49	4.3	2.5

5. Dimension and Terminal Definition





No.	Single-channel Symbol	Function	Dual-channel Symbol	Function
1	Vin+	Input positive end	Vin+	Input positive end
2	Vin-	Input negative terminal	Vin-	Input negative terminal
3	Ctrl	Enable control end	Ctrl	Enable control end
4	Vout-	Negative output terminal	Vout-	Negative output terminal
5	Trim	Output voltage adjustment terminal	Gnd	output common ground
6	Vout+	Output positive terminal	Vout+	Output positive terminal

Fig. 6 Terminal Arrangement (Top View, Pin Up) and Appearance

6. Precautions

6.1. Do not reverse the polarity of the power supply.Pay attention to the input voltage range, which is 9V ~ 40V;
6.2. Please use wide PCB leads or thick wires between the power module and the load, and keep the line voltage drop below 2% Vo to ensure that the output voltage of the power module remains within the specified range;
6.3. The measurement of voltage must be conducted at the root of the module terminals, eliminating the measurement errors caused by the test tooling fixtures.
6.4. The impedance of the lead may cause output voltage oscillation or large ripple. Please make sufficient evaluation before use;
6.5. Prevent product collision;
6.6. Pay attention to the "1" pin (or ESD) identification, according to the correct installation direction plate welding;
6.7. Heat sink or other heat dissipation measures should be installed to ensure that the shell temperature is lower than the maximum operating temperature specified by the product. The operating temperature range of the product is:-55 °C≤TC≤ 105 °C;
6.8. Lead welding temperature is less than 300 °C, welding time should not exceed 10 seconds;
6.9 The heat dissipation surface of the product: either fasten it with screws, or apply thermal paste on the contact surface for heat dissipation; in addition, glue should be applied around the perimeter for fixation.

Note:

1. Our products shall be classified and stored according to ISO17501 and relevant environmental laws and regulations after being scrapped, and shall be handled by qualified units;
2. Except for special instructions, all indicators in this manual are measured when Ta = 25 ℃, humidity <75%, nominal input voltage 28V and output rated load;
3. The test methods of all indicators in this manual are based on the company's enterprise standards;
4. Our company can provide customized products, specific needs can directly contact our technical personnel;
5. If the product involves multi-brand materials, please refer to the manufacturer's standards for differences such as different colors.